1. **<html>:** element defines the root of HTML and XHTML documents.
2. **<head>:** The <head> tag defines the head portion of the document that contains information about the document. It contains <title>, <meta>, <link>, <style>.
3. **<title>:**  It display the page title in the web browser's title (top of a browser) and tab(s) or It defines the title of the document. The <title> element should be the first element defined in the [head section](https://www.tutorialrepublic.com/html-tutorial/html-head.php) of the document. The title should be meaningful because it summarizes the content or purpose of the document.
4. **<link>:**
5. **<meta>:**
6. <style>: Style tag us used given extra information for html documentation or html elements. Each HTML document can contain multiple <style> tags. It basically used for giving some extra design or some stylish things.
7. **<base>:** The <base> tag defines the base URL and a common target to for all relative URLs contained within a document. There must be no more than one <base> tag per document. In that we can give basic URL mean like starting and common URL and then next steps is written in URL when URL is run it will add from base URL and then it run.
8. **<basefont>:** The < basefont> tag specifies the base font I like default font-colour, font-size, or font-family for all the text in an HTML document.

**Structural Tags**

1. <a>: It is an anchor tag. It defines a hyperlink, which is used to link from one page to another (link can be internal or external link. It basically opens a new web browser page from that link.
2. <article>: It represents a section of content that forms an independent part of a document, such as a blog post, article, or other self-contained unit of information, that may be linked to or included in some other content body. It is also part of a sematic layout which represent a different part.
3. <aside>: It define content aside from the content it is place in like a sidebar. It should be related to the surrounding content. It is a kind of a block which contain data like heading instructions, paragraph like a side bar as a reference.
4. <body>: The <body> tag defines the document's body. The <body> element contains all the contents of an HTML document, such as headings, paragraphs, images, hyperlinks, tables, lists, etc.
5. <br>: The <br> tag produces a line break in text. It is useful for writing a poem or an address, where the division of line is significant.
6. **<details>:** It is specifying additional details that the user can view or hide on demand. It can be used to create an interactive widget that the user can open and close. Any sort of content can be put inside the <details> tag. The content of a <details> element should not be visible unless the open attribute is set.
7. <div>: It is a division tag which is used for a section or division in html document. It is usually used for other HTML element to style them with CSS to perform certain tasks with JavaScript.
8. <h1> to <h6>: These tags is used for define HTML headings. These tags are logical block tags that's not only improves the accessibility but also aids in search engine optimization — information in higher heading levels is given more weight.

<h1>: defines the most important heading.

<h6>defines the least important heading.

1. **<head>:** The <head> tag defines the head portion of the document that contains information about the document. It contains <title>, <meta>, <link>, <style>.
2. <header>: The header tag contains information related to the title and heading of the related content. It is intended to usually contain the section’s heading (an h1-h6 element or an <hgroup> element), but this is not required. The <header> element can also be used to wrap a section’s table of contents, a search form, or any relevant logos. It is a new tag in HTML5, and it requires a starting tag as well as an end tag. There can be several <header> elements in one document.

**Note:**  cannot be placed within a <footer>, <address> or another <header element.

1. <hgroup>
2. <hr>
3. <html>
4. <footer>
5. <nav>
6. <p>
7. <section>
8. <span>
9. <summary>